Life and Death of the Great Duke of Buckingham,

Who came to an untimely End, for confenting to the Deposing of the Two gallant Young Princes, King Edward the Fourth's Children.

To the Tune of Shore's Wife.

Note, As the Use of these Old Songs is very great, in respect that many Children never would have learn'd to Read, had they not took a Delight in porring over Jane Shore, Robin Hood, Sc. which has insensibly stole into them a Curiosity and Desire of Reading other the like Stories, till they have improved themselves more in a short time than perhaps they would have done in some Tears at School: In order still to make them more asseful, I premise to assist an Introduction, in which I shall point out what is Fast and what is Fistion in each Song; which will (as may be readily supposed) give not only Children, but Persons of more ripe Tears, an Insight into the Reality, Intent and Design, as well as many times the Author and Time when such Song was made, which has not hitherto been explain'd.

When Richard Duke of Gloncester had resolved to deprive his two Nephews of the Crown, to put it upon his own Head, he gain'd the Duke of Buckingham over to his Interest; who zealously espous'd his Cause, not so much out of Love to Richard, as to gratisy his own Ambition: Nor did he, in carrying on the Work, stick at any thing; removing those out of the way, who would not side with him. One of the most dissingly undertook. To this End, he made a Friend of Sham the Lord Mayor, Brother to that Dr. Sham, who had been employ'd to preach up the Bastardy of Edward's Issue; and he undertook to prepare the Citizens for such an Overture. On the Day appointed, the Duke came to the Guild-Hall of the City, and, in a studied Oration, inveighed against some Mismanagements of the late Reign; then resecting on a Marriage-Contract Edward had made with another Lady before he married his Queen, he concluded, that the Protector was undoubted Heir to the Crown, and that the Lords of the Kingdom had resolved to set him upon the Throne. The Duke expected the People would have cried out, Long live King Richard; but, contrary to his Expectation, they all continued in a prosound Silence. Upon this, turning about to the Mayor, he ask'd him the Meaning of what he saw? To which he (also surpriz'd) answer'd, He believed the People had not rightly understood him. The Duke arose a second time.



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having wherewith to pay them, they disbanded themselves. Upon which the Duke of Buckingham sed, and having disquised himself, got to the House of one Humphrey Banister, somethy his Servant; but he had presented him, and made his Fortune. Here the Duke, in Labourer's Attire, work'd in his Garden; but Richard issuing out a Proclamation, making it Death to shelter the sugitive Duke, and promising a Reward of 1000 to any who should discover him, Banister sold his Master; who, by Richard's Order, was carried to Shrews, bury, and on the 1st of November 1483. was believed in the Market-Place, (according to the Custom of those Times) without any Process. Sir Thomas Moore gives a long Account of the Missortunes that befel Banister; and all his Family, in the manner they are related in the following Song. I shall only farther observe, that I do not believe the two last Stanza's genuine; they seem to have been added long since, tho' not both at the lame Time, or by the same Hand.

Tale of Grief I must unfold, A Tale that never yet was told; A Tale that might to pity move The Sprights below, the Saints above When Wars did plague this Maiden Land, Great Buckingham in Grace did stand; With Kings and Queens he ruled fo, When a faid Aye, none durft fay No. Great Glone'ster's Duke, that wash'd the Throne With Blood of Kings, to make't his own, By Henry Stafford's Help obtain'd What Reason will'd to be refrain'd. If any Noble of this Land, Against great Glouc'ster's Aid did stand; Old Buckingham, with Might and Pow'r, In grievous Woes did him devour. He hop'd, when Richard was made King, He would much greater Honours bring To Buckingham, and to his Name, And well reward him for the fame. In Clarence' Death he had a Hand, And 'gainst King Edward's Queen did stand 1.

And to his Sons bore little Love, When he as Bastards would them prove. King Edward swore him by his Oath, In true Allegiance to them both; Which if I fail, I wish, quoth he, All Christian Curse may light on me. It so fell out, on All-Souls Dey, By Law his Life was ta'en away : He had his Wish, tho' not his Will; For Treason's End is always ill. In London having pleaded Claim, And Richard thereby won the Game; He challeng'd Honour for his Gain, But was rewarded with Disdain. On which Difgrace, within few Hours, Great Buckingham had rais'd his Pow'rs; But all in vain, the King was strong, And Stafford needs must suffer Wrong-His Army fail'd, and durst not stand, Upon Traytor's false Command:
Being thus deceiv'd, old Stafford fled,
And knew not where to hide his Head. The King with Speed to have him found, Did offer full Ten Thousand Pound: Thus Richard fought to cast him down, Whose Wir did win him England's Crown-

The plain old Duke, his Life to fave; Of his own Man did Succour crave; In hope that he would him relieve, That late much Land, to him did give. Base Banister this Man was nam'd By this vile Deed for ever sham'd; It is, quoth he, a common Thing To injure him that wrong'd his King. King Edward's Children he betray'd,
The like 'gainst him I well have play'd:
Being true, my Heart him greatly grac'd;
But proving falle, that Love is past. Thus Banister his Master sold Unto his Foe, for Hire of Gold; But mark his End, and rightly fee, The just Reward of Treachery. The Dike by Law did lofe his Head, For him he fought to do mast good; The Man that wrought his Master's Woe, By lingring Grief was brought full low. For when the King did hear him speak, How basely he the Duke did take; Instead of Gold gave him Disgrace, With Baniffment from Town to Place. Thus Banifer was forc'd to beg

And crave for Food with Cap and Leg;
But none on him would Bread bestow. That to his Master prov'd a Foe. Thus wandring in his poor Estate, Repenting his Misdeeds too late; Till starved he gave up his Breath.

By no Man pitied at his Death. To woful End his Children came, Sore punish d for their Father's Shame: Within a Channel one was drown'd, Where Water fcarce could hide the Ground. Another, by the Powers divine, Was strangely eaten up of Swine: The last a woful Ending makes, By strangling in an empty Jakes. Let Traytors thus behold and fee, And fuch as falle to Masters be; Let disobedient Sons draw near, The Judgments well may touch them near. Both Old and Young that live not well, Look to be plagu'd from Heav'n or Hell; So have you heard the Story then Of this great Duke of Buckingbani.